Inter/Access

CURRENT

The InterAccess Current program supports professional development of emerging curators and artists interested in new media and electronic practices. Each year, InterAccess works closely with an emerging curator to conceptualize and execute a group exhibition. "Current" refers to the now, of course, but it is also an energetic charge that causes light, heat, and all manner of electronic life; an apt metaphor for emergent creative practices within the ever-expanding field of new media.

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Gallery Hours
Tuesday—Saturday
11AM—6PM

About the curator

Casper Sutton-Fosman is a cross-disciplinary artist, curator, and academic currently based in Toronto, ON. Their work centres conceptions of identity through a trans and disabled lens, pushing boundaries of medium and discipline to open in-between spaces for being. Sutton-Fosman is interested in troubling linearity and authorship, interactivity and implication, working in spaces between analog and digital, involving craft practices and outdated technology. They hold an MFA in Interdisciplinary Art, Media, & Design from OCAD University and a BA in Liberal Arts from Sarah Lawrence College.

Founded in 1983, InterAccess is a non-profit gallery, educational facility, production studio, festival, and registered charity dedicated to emerging practices in art and technology. Our programs support art forms that integrate technology, fostering and supporting the full cycle of art and artistic practice through education, production, and exhibition. InterAccess is regarded as a preeminent Canadian arts and technology centre.

An essay by Casper Sutton-Fosman

InterAccess Current Exhibition

November 6 – December 7, 2024



nobody works at the automat. except, of course, for the people who do.

a wall with rows of glass cabinets containing pristine food,

(un)touched by human hands; we are all equal here, all the

businessmen and the starlets and the mechanics and the

unemployed, all paying a nickel for a cup of hot coffee. insert coin,

open cabinet, eat pie. we are all equal here.

except, of course, for the people behind the wall.

the people behind the wall move quickly and quietly. they must replace the food in the cabinets after it is purchased and removed. they must not be seen through the glass windows. if the coffee gets cold, they must pour it out and make a new pot. they must keep up with demand: with sparkling clean dishes, with mathematically perfect slices of pie, with fresh hot cups of coffee. if nobody works at the automat, why would anything ever go wrong?

shift change, the people behind the wall clock out, they leave through the back door, half of them go home — the other half go to a different automat.

at the other automat, they are not the people behind the wall. they know they're there, but they cannot acknowledge them. now they get to be the ones at the automat, paying a nickel for a cup of hot coffee. and if they catch the shadowed eyes of those behind-the-wall people, they can sit and sip their coffee and think —

i am better at being nobody. i am better at working at the automat.

When you walk in, the first thing you're likely to see is a breast pump. I didn't know what it looked like when I first read Lena Chen's proposal for Symphony — I was struck by how bulky and mechanical it was, contrasted with the creamy pastel yellow of its plastic casing. When the piece activates, it layers the mechanized hum of the breast pump itself with a recording of the artist singing lullabies to her newborn. Chen activates the piece remotely whenever she is breastfeeding or pumping — at all other times, it's dormant, sleeping in the guise of a readymade.

Consistent mechanical sounds flank the space: against the east wall, Sam Pelletier's The Shift grinds away, methodically rubbing mark-making tools against paper. It sits in an acrylic enclosure atop a plinth, all of its inner workings on display. Operating on a 9-5 schedule with a half-an-hour smoke break, it creates one drawing a day — producing 24 drawings over the course of the exhibition. Invoking both absurdity and exhaustion, Pelletier questions how we value art and the labour of the artist — and whether that labour begins and ends when we put proverbial paint to canvas. The traces of charcoal, pencil, and ink on paper are time-cards, direct representations of effort and physical movement. Aptly, they are for sale at \$129 each: a rate of 7.5 hours at minimum wage.

On the other end of the room, a knife raises and lowers, leaving scratches on the acrylic slab it's bolted to. Raul's Hand lingers in the violence of monotony, a reflection of the repetitive movements of factory labourers. Shay Salehi recounts reading an interview with a meat plant worker, who spoke about the strain and injuries that come with performing the same motion over and over again for eight hours a day. As we laud (or blame) automation and outsourcing for the "deindustrialization" of the global North, factory farming and the agriculture industry still wield immense power over rural communities in Canada and the US1.

On the north wall hangs Grand Eternity. Layering charcoal, acrylics, oils, laser engraved surfaces, and inset media players, Alfred Muszynski builds a cacophony of images that both blend together and resist each other.

Muszynski's use of found and Al-generated source images belies the thought and care that are characteristic of his work — far from random, the vignettes form a mind-map of Muszynski's musings on the complex relationships between technology and mortality. He contemplates the necropolitics of labour, of valuing and devaluing, aligning infographics and memes with religious iconography.

Atop a plinth sits an outdated computer, on which plays Workflow, Jenson Leonard's exploration of the relationship of capitalist accelerationism to Blackness². Set against a backdrop of industrial landscapes — warehouses, factories, server banks — all noticeably empty of people, an animated Halloween mask of Michael Jackson speaks in a grinding, computer-generated monotone. Shot through with surrealism, Jenson's writing straddles the line between poetic, comedic, and religious. He examines the clear role of slavery — of human-as-commodity, not just producer of commodity — as the backbone of contemporary capitalist industry. So much of the hidden work of automation is done by underpaid, disenfranchised and often imprisoned labourers, who companies fight tooth and nail to keep underpaying, disenfranchising, and imprisoning³ — the lure of automation finds its hook in the simple fact that slavery is morally abhorrent but capitally desirable.

The image of forward-moving, effortlessly accelerating automation relies on sociopolitical structures of othering to maintain its charade. It seems most timely now in conversations around AI, robotics, and algorithms, but these obfuscations have played a vital role in technological advancement for centuries. In the same way that a magician will invite you to look inside a

hat to see that it's empty before pulling a rabbit out of it, the faces of a new technology use the guise of automation to draw attention away from the human labourers behind the scenes.

The artists and works in this exhibition remark on the ways that we all participate in automation, from both sides of the curtain; we exploit and are exploited, we are alienated from our own labour and we forget the humanity of the driver delivering our UberEats order. Examining our relationships to labour automation opens space for solidarity, for valuing human well-being over output⁴ — the automat is nothing new, but neither is our collective resistance to its charms.

¹ Alex Blanchette's Porkopolis: American Animality, Standardized Life, and the Factory

² Drawing on Aria Dean's Notes on Blacceleration.

³ Gemma Newlands' Lifting the Curtain: Strategic visibility of human labour in Al as a Service and Astra Taylor's The Automation Charade.

⁴ Bits in the Machine, a zine from Creative Action in Tech.